

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION
DISTRICT**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
With Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended December 31, 2021

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
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DECEMBER 31, 2021**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Security Fire Protection District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Security Fire Protection District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Security Fire Protection District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Security Fire Protection District, as of December 31, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Security Fire Protection District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Security Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee

that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Security Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Security Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Hoelting & Company, Inc.

Colorado Springs, Colorado
June 21, 2022

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

As management of Security Fire Protection District (the District) we offer readers of the District's annual financial report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the annual financial report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the district exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,088,851 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$2,379,188 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,656,083 a decrease of \$476,520 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately seventy-nine percent of this total amount, \$1,305,931, is available for spending at the District discretion (unassigned).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the wildland fund reported an ending fund balance of \$702,927 an increase of \$429,064 in comparison with the prior year. The total amount is restricted for wildland activities.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total unassigned fund balance was 23.3% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances as a whole, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and include two statements:

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information reporting how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. Accrued interest expense is an example of this type of item.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include general and administrative activities, fire and emergency medical services, and wildland deployments. Currently, the District has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's operations, focusing on its most significant funds, not the District as a whole. The District has three funds: the General fund and the Wildland fund are governmental funds; and the Pension fund is a fiduciary fund.

Governmental Funds: The District's basic services are included in this governmental fund, which focuses on (1) how money flows into and out of the fund and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending or reserves. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine the status of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Thus, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. To facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities, reconciliations are provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Also, the District adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the wildland fund as well.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, total assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,088,851 as of December 31, 2021. 28.1% of the District's assets are its investment in capital assets.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 9,284,999	\$ 5,687,161
Capital assets, net depreciation	<u>3,637,685</u>	<u>3,110,946</u>
Total assets	<u>12,922,684</u>	<u>8,798,107</u>
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Deferred pension outflows	<u>1,001,916</u>	<u>987,671</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>1,001,916</u>	<u>987,671</u>
Long-term liabilities	805,949	850,000
Other liabilities	<u>256,370</u>	<u>212,100</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,062,319</u>	<u>1,062,100</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Deferred pension inflows	587,110	191,488
Unavailable property tax revenue	<u>6,186,320</u>	<u>2,996,241</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>6,773,430</u>	<u>3,187,729</u>
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	2,831,736	2,260,946
Restricted	877,927	143,000
Unrestricted	<u>2,379,188</u>	<u>3,132,003</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 6,088,851</u>	<u>\$ 5,535,949</u>

Condensed Statement of Activities

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 2,192,925	\$ 1,574,918
Operating grants and contributions	-	223,669
General revenues:		
Property and other taxes	3,349,967	3,181,496
Other income	2,038	3,893
Interest income	4,393	3,448
Gain on disposal of capital assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenues	<u>5,549,323</u>	<u>4,987,424</u>
Expenses:		
General and administrative	535,155	376,587
Fire and emergency medical services	4,357,238	3,880,938
Wildland deployments	74,704	144,338
Interest	<u>29,324</u>	<u>19,982</u>
Total expenses	<u>4,996,421</u>	<u>4,421,845</u>
Change in net position	<u>552,902</u>	<u>565,579</u>
Net position – as originally stated	5,535,949	4,292,955
Prior period adjustment	<u>-</u>	<u>677,415</u>
Net position – beginning, as restated	<u>5,535,949</u>	<u>4,970,370</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 6,088,851</u>	<u>\$ 5,535,949</u>

ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The general fund is the operating fund of the District. The fund balance for the general fund was \$1,656,083 at the end of the current fiscal year.

The wildland fund is the special revenue fund of the District. The fund balance for the wildland fund was \$702,927.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's general fund budget is prepared in accordance with state law. No changes were made to the general fund budget during the year.

WILDLAND FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District did not prepare a budget for the wildland fund in 2021. Because of this, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the wildland fund in the amount of \$152,827. These excess expenditures were funded by current year revenues and beginning fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities at the end of the year was as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Land	\$ 423,847	\$ 423,847
Construction in progress	227,742	36,868
Fire Stations	1,127,025	1,127,025
Vehicles	3,454,017	2,994,811
Equipment	1,690,307	1,683,110
Wildland vehicles and equipment	608,131	530,693
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,893,389)</u>	<u>(3,685,408)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 3,637,685</u>	<u>\$ 3,110,946</u>

Major capital asset activities during the year included the purchase of new fire apparatus in the amount of \$759,206 and a Ford F350 truck in the amount of \$56,386.

Long-term debt

At the end of current fiscal year, the District had a \$805,949 lease liability.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Lease liability	<u>\$ 805,949</u>	<u>\$ 850,000</u>

BUDGETARY AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

Budgetary Highlights and Outlook- There were no amendments to the 2021 budget during the year. Budgeted 2022 revenues are expected to increase from 2021 due to increased tax receipts. Certain expenditures for 2022 are expected to increase reflecting increases in salaries, capital outlays, and other costs of operations.

Economic and Environmental Factors

The housing market in the District continues to rise which is resulting in an increased tax base. This increased tax base may be affected by changes in property values as El Paso County conducts its bi-annual property valuations.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the District's taxpayers with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact an official at the District's administration office, 400 Security Blvd. Security, Colorado 80911 or phone (719) 392-3271.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,340,802
Cash with County Treasurer		27,803
Property tax receivable		6,186,320
Prepaid items		175,152
Capital assets not being depreciated		651,589
Capital assets, net of depreciation		2,986,096
Net pension asset		554,922
		12,922,684

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred pension outflows		1,001,916
		1,001,916

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable		90,179
Accrued interest payable		7,806
Accrued salaries and benefits		94,568
Compensated absences		63,817
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		45,593
Due in more than one year		760,356
		1,062,319

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred pension inflows		587,110
Unavailable property tax revenue		6,186,320
		6,773,430

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets		2,831,736
Restricted		877,927
Unrestricted		2,379,188
		6,088,851
Total net position	\$	6,088,851

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:				
General and administrative	\$ 535,155	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (535,155)
Fire and emergency medical services	4,357,238	1,611,253	-	(2,745,985)
Wildland deployments	74,704	581,672	-	506,968
Interest and other fiscal charges	29,324	-	-	(29,324)
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,996,421	\$ 2,192,925	\$ -	(2,803,496)
General revenues:				
				2,998,115
				351,852
				2,038
				4,393
Total general revenues				3,356,398
Change in net position				552,902
Net position - beginning				5,535,949
Net position - ending				\$ 6,088,851

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	General	Wildland Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,783,856	556,946	\$ 2,340,802
Cash with County Treasurer	27,803	-	27,803
Property taxes receivable	6,186,320	-	6,186,320
Due from other funds	-	145,981	145,981
Prepaid insurance	166,978	-	166,978
Prepaid expenses	8,174	-	8,174
	<u>8,173,131</u>	<u>702,927</u>	<u>\$ 8,876,058</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 8,173,131</u>	<u>\$ 702,927</u>	<u>\$ 8,876,058</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	90,179	-	\$ 90,179
Accrued salaries	94,568	-	94,568
Due to other funds	145,981	-	145,981
	<u>330,728</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>330,728</u>
Total liabilities	<u>330,728</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>330,728</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable property tax revenue	<u>6,186,320</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,186,320</u>
FUND BALANCE			
Nonspendable	175,152	-	175,152
Restricted	175,000	702,927	877,927
Unassigned	1,305,931	-	1,305,931
	<u>1,656,083</u>	<u>702,927</u>	<u>2,359,010</u>
Total fund balance	<u>1,656,083</u>	<u>702,927</u>	<u>2,359,010</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$ 8,173,131</u>	<u>\$ 702,927</u>	<u>\$ 8,876,058</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,359,010
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Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 651,589	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>2,986,096</u>	3,637,685

Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in government funds:

Net pension asset	554,922	
Pension outflows	1,001,916	
Pension inflows	(587,110)	
Compensated absences	(63,817)	
Accrued interest payable	(7,806)	
Loan payable	<u>(805,949)</u>	<u>92,156</u>

Net Position of governmental activities in the statement of net position	<u><u>\$ 6,088,851</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	Wildland Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
General property tax	2,998,115	\$ -	\$ 2,998,115
Specific ownership tax	351,852	-	351,852
Safety service income	1,484,987	-	1,484,987
Wildland income	-	581,672	581,672
Inspection fees	126,266	-	126,266
Other income	152,038	-	152,038
Investment earnings	4,174	219	4,393
Total revenues	<u>5,117,432</u>	<u>581,891</u>	<u>5,699,323</u>
EXPENDITURES			
General and administrative	525,002	-	525,002
Fire and emergency medical services	4,037,872	-	4,037,872
Wildland deployments	-	75,384	75,384
Capital outlays	957,277	77,443	1,034,720
Debt service	73,801	-	73,801
Total expenditures	<u>5,593,952</u>	<u>152,827</u>	<u>5,746,779</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>(476,520)</u>	<u>429,064</u>	<u>(47,456)</u>
Fund balance - beginning	<u>2,132,603</u>	<u>273,863</u>	<u>2,406,466</u>
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$ 1,656,083</u>	<u>\$ 702,927</u>	<u>\$ 2,359,010</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds: \$ (47,456)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlays	\$ 1,034,720	
Depreciation	<u>(332,981)</u>	701,739

The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., disposals and contributions) is to decrease net position. (175,000)

Governmental funds measure compensated absences by the amount of financial resources used, whereas these expenses are reported in the statement of activities based on the amounts incurred during the year. (7,305)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Repayment of principal	44,051
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Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Interest expense	426
Pension expenses	<u>36,447</u>

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 552,902

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
PENSION FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

ASSETS

Restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 2,358,917</u>
Total assets	<u>2,358,917</u>

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>

NET POSITION

Restricted for pensions	<u><u>\$ 2,358,917</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
PENSION FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

ADDITIONS

Contributions:		
Employer	\$	-
Investment income:		
Interest and dividends		95,793
Net change in the fair value of investments		<u>92,362</u>
 Total additions (deletions)		 <u>188,155</u>

DEDUCTIONS

Annuity payments		423,811
Administrative expenses		<u>20,598</u>
 Total deductions		 <u>444,409</u>
 Change in net position		 (256,254)

NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS

Net position - beginning		<u>2,615,171</u>
Net position - ending	\$	<u><u>2,358,917</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Security Fire Protection District (the District) was organized under the laws of the State of Colorado to operate and maintain a special district for the purpose of providing fire and emergency paramedical services to its residents.

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The District is a special district governed by an elected five-member board. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component unit

The Security Fire Wildland Team (Wildland) is a separate legal entity that was formed as a Colorado Not-For-Profit. Wildland serves communities other than the citizens of the District and is governed by a board composed the District's board of directors. Wildland uses its own resources (personnel, vehicles, and equipment) when providing wildland services. Wildland is reported as a special revenue fund and does not issue separate financial statements.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION — FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION-FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The *Special Revenue Fund* is used account for revenue sources that are restricted for expenditure for specific purposes. Wildland accounts for all of its activity through this special revenue fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The Pension Fund accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current fiscal period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period of this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

E. ASSET, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in the bank and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Local government investment pools in Colorado must be organized under Colorado Revised Statutes, which allows certain types of governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. Investments in such pools are valued at the pool's share price, the price at which the investment could be sold.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Prepaid expenses

Payments made for expenses that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2021 are recorded as prepaid expenses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend asset lives, are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSET, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Buildings, vehicles, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Fire stations	40 years
Vehicles	5 to 15 years
Equipment	5 to 15 years
Wildland vehicles and equipment	5 to 15 years

When depreciable property is acquired, depreciation is included in expense for the year of acquisition for the number of months during the year the asset was in service. When depreciable property is retired or otherwise disposed of, depreciation is included in expense for the number of months in service during the year of retirement and the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with any gain or loss reflected in the statement of revenue, expenses and changes in fund net position.

Pensions

Security Fire Protection District participates in the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SWDB have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSET, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Net position flow assumption

The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District’s policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications available to be used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was used when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District’s intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or through the Board of Directors delegating this responsibility to management through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for any governmental funds except for the General Fund.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSET, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

The District would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

F. REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

Program revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) fees and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on January 1 and payable in two installments due February 28 and June 15, or in one installment due April 30. El Paso County Treasurer bills and collects property taxes for the District. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

The District is permitted to levy taxes on the assessed valuation for general governmental services and for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The mill levy for general operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2021 was 10.000 mills. The District's assessed valuation for 2021 was \$299,564,200.

Compensated absences

The District's personnel policy states that employees may earn a total of six to nine shifts or two to four weeks of paid vacation per year depending on the length of employment and employment classification. A maximum of 144 hours of vacation may be carried forward.

The District has accrued a liability for vacation pay that has been earned, but not used by District employees.

G. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021

NOTE 2—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget information

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) In the fall, a proposed operation budget is submitted to the Board for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted by the District to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3) Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution. This authorizes a lump-sum expenditure budget by fund for the District. This aggregate expenditure budget, by fund, then becomes the level of control upon which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. An appropriation ordinance is also adopted which allocates the total budget by fund.
- 4) Any revisions that alter the budget of any fund must be approved by the Board by passage of a resolution.
- 5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general and pension funds.
- 6) Budgets for the general and pension funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board.
- 7) All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations in Wildland, the special revenue fund, in the amount of \$152,827 because the District did not prepare a budget for Wildland in 2021. These excess expenditures were funded by current year revenues and beginning fund balance.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash deposits with fiscal institutions

Custodial credit risk-deposits. Colorado state statutes govern the entity's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts for banks and savings and loans requires the state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The acts require the eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of the federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or local Colorado governments, and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of uninsured deposits.

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amounts of the District's deposits were \$2,346,637, and the bank balances were \$2,362,337. Of the total bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining balance of \$2,112,337 falls under the provisions of the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Acts which are collateralized in single institution pools.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District is authorized by Colorado State Statutes to invest in the following:

- Bonds and other interest-bearing obligations of the United States government.
- Bonds and other interest-bearing obligations which are guaranteed by the United States government.
- Bonds which are a direct obligation of the State of Colorado, or of any city, county, or school district therein.
- Notes or bonds issued pursuant to the “National Housing Act”.
- Repurchase agreements.
- Local government investment pools.

At December 31, 2021 the District’s investment balances were as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Pension Fund:		
Equity Mutual Funds	Less than 60 days	\$ 2,334,118
Insurance Annuity	Less than 60 days	<u>18,964</u>
Total Pension Fund		<u>2,353,082</u>
Total Investments		<u>\$ 2,353,082</u>

The mutual funds of \$2,334,118 are in the Pension Fund of the Security Fire Protection District. These funds are administered by the trustee for the Pension Fund.

Interest Rate Risk: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk: Except for Pension Fund investments, State law limits investments as described above. The District does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Under State law, the District has significant discretionary power to invest Pension Fund assets that are not immediately required for the payment of benefits and in certain conditions, Pension Fund assets may also be invested in insurance annuities. The insurance annuity in the Pension Fund is not rated.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of total deposits and investments to the government-wide financial statements at December 31, 2021:

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Restricted</u>
Governmental Activities		
Deposits	\$ 2,340,802	\$ -
	<u>2,340,802</u>	<u>-</u>
Fiduciary Activities		
Deposits	-	5,835
Investments	<u>-</u>	<u>2,353,082</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,340,802</u>	<u>\$ 2,358,917</u>

NOTE 4 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable are considered fully collectible due to the ability of the District to lien property; therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectibles.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 423,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 423,847
Construction in progress	<u>36,868</u>	<u>190,874</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>227,742</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>460,715</u>	<u>190,874</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>651,589</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Fire Stations	1,127,025	-	-	1,127,025
Vehicles	2,994,811	759,206	(300,000)	3,454,017
Equipment	1,683,110	7,197	-	1,690,307
Wildland vehicles and equipment	<u>530,693</u>	<u>77,443</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>608,136</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	6,335,639	843,846	(300,000)	6,879,485
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,685,408)</u>	<u>(332,981)</u>	<u>125,000</u>	<u>(3,893,389)</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>2,650,231</u>	<u>510,865</u>	<u>(175,000)</u>	<u>2,986,096</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 3,110,946</u>	<u>\$ 701,739</u>	<u>\$ (175,000)</u>	<u>\$ 3,637,685</u>

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of as follows:

General and administrative	\$ 12,620
Wildland	41,122
Fire and emergency medical services	<u>279,239</u>
Total	<u>\$ 332,981</u>

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

On September 21, 2020, the District entered a capital lease agreement in the amount of \$850,000 to finance the purchase of Station 4. Annual payments of \$73,801 are due through September 21, 2035, and bear interest at 3.50%. The loan is collateralized by the fire station.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2022	\$ 45,593	\$ 28,208
2023	47,189	26,613
2024	48,841	24,961
2025	50,550	23,252
2026	52,319	21,482
2027-2031	290,379	78,627
2032-2035	<u>271,078</u>	<u>24,127</u>
Total	<u>\$ 805,949</u>	<u>\$ 227,270</u>

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due within One year</u>
2020 Capital Lease	<u>\$ 850,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (44,051)</u>	<u>\$ 805,949</u>	<u>\$ 45,593</u>

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2021, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Wildland Fund	General Fund	\$ 145,981

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund services are provided and payment between funds is made. Interfund balances are cleared within three months.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Security Fire Protection District are provided with pensions through the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees of participating fire or police departments in Colorado hired on or after April 8, 1978 (New Hires), provided that they are not already covered by a statutorily exempt plan. As of August 5, 2003, the Plan may include clerical and other personnel from fire districts whose services are auxiliary to fire protection. The Plan became effective January 1, 1980. The Plan assets are included in the Fire & Police Members’ Benefit Investment Fund and the Fire & Police Members’ Self-Directed Investment Fund (for Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) assets and Separate Retirement Account assets from eligible retired members). Plan benefits are specified in Title 31, Article 30 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.). The Plan is administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). FPPA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained on FPPA’s website at <http://www.FPPAco.org>.

Benefits provided. The SWDB provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries. Death and disability coverage is provided for members through the Statewide Death and Disability Plan which is also administered by FPPA.

A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. Effective January 1, 2021, a member may also qualify for a normal retirement pension if the member’s combined years of service and age equals at least 80, with a minimum age of 50 (Rule of 80).

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member’s highest three years’ pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members covered under Statewide Defined Benefit Social Security Component will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. Benefits adjustments paid to retired members are evaluated annually and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board’s discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and clerical workers (CPI-W).

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

A member is eligible for an early retirement after completion of 30 years of service or attainment of age 50 with at least five years of credited service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions. Through December 31, 2020, contribution rates for the SWDB plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership. Effective January 1, 2021, contribution rates for employers and members may be increased equally by the FPPA Board of Directors upon approval through an election by both the employers and members.

In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions are 8.0 percent and 8.50 percent in 2020 and 2021, respectively. Employer contributions will increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 13 percent of pensionable earnings. In 2020, members of the SWDB plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 11.0 percent and 8.0 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 19.0 percent.

Contributions from members and employers of departments reentering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The reentry group has a combined contribution rate of 23.0 percent and 23.5 percent of pensionable earnings in 2020 and 2021, respectively. It is a local decision as to whether the member or employer pays the additional 4 percent contribution. The member and employer contribution rates will increase through 2030 as described above for the non-reentering departments. Effective January 1, 2021, reentry departments may submit a resolution to the FPPA Board of Directors to reduce the additional 4 percent contribution, to reflect the actual cost of reentry by department, to the plan for reentry contributions. Each reentry department is responsible to remit contributions to the plan in accordance with their most recent FPPA Board of Directors approved resolution.

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 5.5 percent and 4 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 9.50 percent in 2020 and 9.75 percent in 2021. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate social security group had their required contribution rate increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions are 4.0 percent and 4.25 percent in 2020 and 2021, respectively. Employer contributions will increase 0.25 percent annually beginning 2021 through 2030 to a total of 6.5 percent of pensionable earnings.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SWDB in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Security Fire Protection District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SWDB. Employer contributions recognized by the SWDB from Security Fire Protection District were \$202,748 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions. The actuarial valuations for the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020. The valuations used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

	Total Pension Liability	Actuarial Determined Contributions
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2021	January 1, 2020
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	N/A	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	N/A	30 Years
Long-term Investment Rate of Return*	7.0%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases*	4.25% - 11.25%	4.25% - 11.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0%	0%
*Includes Inflation at	2.5%	2.5%

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years the FPPA’s Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA’s actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2019. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-term rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5 percent). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund’s target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	39%	8.23%
Equity Long/Short	8%	6.87%
Private Markets	26%	10.63%
Fixed Income - Rates	10%	4.01%
Fixed Income - Credit	5%	5.25%
Absolute Return	10%	5.60%
Cash	2%	2.32%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board’s funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan’s fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan’s projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent; the municipal bond rate is 2.00 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the “state & local bonds” rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00 percent.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Security Fire Protection District proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset), calculated using the Discount Rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability/ (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Discount Rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

1% Decrease 6.00%	Single Discount Rate Assumption 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
\$ (558,442)	\$ (554,922)	\$ (1,476,925)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SWDB’s fiduciary net position is available in FPPA’s comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.fppaco.org.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the Security Fire Protection District reported a liability/(asset) of \$(554,922) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset). The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the collective total pension liability/(asset) used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021. The Security Fire Protection District proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) was based on Security Fire Protection District contributions to the SWDB for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SWDB.

At December 31, 2020, the Security Fire Protection District’s proportion was 0.25560601 percent, which was an increase of 0.0131965010 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Security Fire Protection District recognized pension expense of \$(36,447). At December 31, 2021, the Security Fire Protection District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 470,628	\$ 2,207
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	236,017	569,984
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	92,523	14,919
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	202,748	N/A
Total	\$ 1,001,916	\$ 587,110

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

\$202,748 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2022	\$ (49,159)
2023	24,771
2024	(71,122)
2025	25,849
2026	115,015
Thereafter	166,704

Subsequent Event. During 2020, legislation was passed effective January 1, 2021 that amended the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. Amendments to the related contribution rates and benefits of this plan are described in *Benefits Provided* and *Contributions* sections above. Additionally, stabilization reserve accounts (SRA) of the Defined Benefit System became self-directed accounts with assets of \$123.6 million transferred to the FPPA Members’ Self-Directed Investment Fund after the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation date. This transfer does not impact the net pension liability/(asset) of the plan as the transfer of assets will reduce both the total pension liability and the plan fiduciary net position.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN, VOLUNTEER FIREMEN

Plan Description. The retirement plan for the volunteers of the Security Fire Protection District is a single-employer non-contribution defined benefit plan administered by a seven-member Board of Trustees, which includes District officials and volunteer firemen. This plan provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The district has acquired life insurance for active volunteers which will be paid to their survivors as a monthly benefit upon the death of the volunteers. As of January 1, 2020 there were 9 active members and 14 inactive members. The volunteer must be 50 or older and have 10 or more years of service to receive benefits.

Benefits Provided. The Board of Trustees has adopted the following schedule of monthly benefits which was in effect at December 31, 2021:

Retirement - \$19.50 per month for each year of service not to exceed \$390.

Supplemental Retirement – additional retirement benefits may be paid provided the actuarial review indicates a supplemental monthly pension is actuarially sound.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN, VOLUNTEER FIREMEN (CONTINUED)

Form of Benefit – Single Life Annuity

Temporary Disability – \$225 per month for up to one year.

Permanent Disability – Monthly benefit \$450 (or service-related benefit, if larger) is payable the number of years that the disabled member was an active member of the pension fund.

Death before Retirement – 100% of the member’s accrued monthly benefit is payable to surviving spouse or named beneficiary.

Increases in retirement benefits are provided to members and beneficiaries at the discretion of the Board. Colorado Revised Statutes 31-30-1101 assigns the authority to establish benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The plan does not issue a separate financial report. The plan is included in the financial statements of the Security Fire Protection District. That report may be obtained from the District at PO Box 5096, Security, Colorado 80911.

Contributions. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions, based on actuarially determined amounts that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay pension benefits when due, subject to an increase limitation. Actuarial analysis is performed every two years.

The pension fund for the Volunteer Firefighter Pension Plan uses the accrual basis of accounting. Plan contributions are recognized when they are received. Benefits and expenses are recognized when they are incurred in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Actuarial Information. The required contributions for the plan were determined as part of the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuations. The projection of future benefits for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Amounts determined for the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Sensitivity of the Security Fire Protection District proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset), calculated using the Discount Rate of 4.00 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Discount Rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00 percent) than the current rate on the December 31, 2019 measurement date:

1% Decrease 3.00%	Actuarial Discount Rate Assumption 4.00%	1% Increase 5.00%
\$ (1,364,562)	\$ (1,512,855)	\$ (1,633,130)

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the last three fiscal years.

NOTE 11 - AMENDMENT TO COLORADO CONSTITUTION

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior years' spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

The Amendment requires, with certain exceptions, voter approval prior to imposing new taxes, increasing tax rates, increasing a mill levy above that for the prior year, extending an expiring tax, or implementing a tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

On May 2, 2006, voters of the district approved the following ballot question: "Shall the Security Fire Protection District be permitted to collect and spend, as a voter approved revenue change and property tax revenue change under Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution, any and all revenues raised annually in 2006 and each year thereafter from the district's mill levy at the rate of 6.675 mills and from any and all other sources; with such authority to collect and spend all such amounts to constitute an exception to all limits which may otherwise apply, without limiting or affecting the collection or expenditures of other revenues; and shall the district be authorized to collect and spend from the district's mill levy and all other sources annually all amounts that may exceed the provisions of 5.5% limit of Section 29-1-301 of the Colorado Revised Statutes; such revenues to be used for public safety, fire protection, emergency medical services, fire code enforcement, and any other lawful purpose of a fire protection district?"

On November 6, 2012, voters of the district approved the following ballot question: "Shall the Security Fire Protection District taxes be increased \$549,345 annually in the first fiscal year (2013) and by whatever amounts as are received each year thereafter by the imposition of this mill levy increase of 3.325 mills upon taxable property within the district, commencing with the tax collection year 2013 and continuing thereafter, with such revenues, together with any and all other revenues to be collected, retained and spent by the district for the purposes of defraying salaries, other operating expenses of the district, and/or other lawful purposes, as a voter approved revenue changed and an exception of the spending, revenue raising, and other limits which would otherwise apply under Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution, C.R.S., 29-1-301(1), or any other laws?"

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

NOTE 11 - AMENDMENT TO COLORADO CONSTITUTION (CONTINUED)

The entity levied 10.000 mills for property taxes collected in 2021 and 2020 to be used for general operating expenses.

The Amendment requires the emergency reserves be established. These reserves must be at least 3 percent of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Emergency reserves, as of December 31, 2021 totaling \$175,000 have been presented as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund. The entity is not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The entity believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, the entity has made certain interpretations in the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
General property tax	2,995,642	2,995,642	2,998,115	\$ 2,473
Specific ownership tax	241,000	241,000	351,852	110,852
Safety service income	1,102,000	1,102,000	1,484,987	382,987
Inspection fees	40,000	40,000	126,266	86,266
Other income	-	-	152,038	152,038
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	4,174	2,174
Total revenues	<u>4,380,642</u>	<u>4,380,642</u>	<u>5,117,432</u>	<u>736,790</u>
EXPENDITURES				
General and administrative	531,542	531,542	525,002	6,540
Fire and emergency medical services	4,249,100	4,249,100	4,037,872	211,228
Capital outlays	300,000	300,000	957,277	(657,277)
Debt service	-	-	73,801	(73,801)
Total expenditures	<u>5,080,642</u>	<u>5,080,642</u>	<u>5,593,952</u>	<u>(513,310)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(700,000)	(700,000)	(476,520)	223,480
Fund balances - beginning	<u>700,000</u>	<u>700,000</u>	<u>2,132,603</u>	<u>1,432,603</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,656,083</u>	<u>\$ 1,656,083</u>

See the accompanying independent auditors' report

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
WILDLAND FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Wildland income	\$ -	\$ -	581,672	\$ 581,672
Investment earnings	-	-	219	219
Total revenues	-	-	581,891	581,891
EXPENDITURES				
Wildland deployments	-	-	75,384	(75,384)
Capital outlay	-	-	77,443	(77,443)
Total expenditures	-	-	152,827	(152,827)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	429,064	429,064
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	273,863	273,863
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 702,927	\$ 702,927

See the accompanying independent auditors' report

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.255606010%	0.242409509%	0.247855037%	0.250169000%	0.312552192%	0.331165675%	0.268170683%	0.231087650%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (554,922)	\$ (137,098)	\$ 313,357	\$ (359,908)	\$ 112,937	\$ (5,838)	\$ (302,651)	\$ (206,635)
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,053,050	\$ 1,786,638	\$ 1,660,275	\$ 1,463,313	\$ 1,599,588	\$ 1,605,400	\$ 1,205,970	\$ 1,003,708
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-27.03%	-7.67%	18.87%	-24.60%	7.06%	-0.36%	-25.10%	-20.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	106.7%	101.9%	95.2%	106.3%	98.2%	100.1%	106.8%	105.8%

* The amounts presented for each year were determined as of 12/31.

* Complete 10-year information to be presented in future years as it becomes available.

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S STATUTORY PAYROLL CONTRIBUTIONS AND COVERED PAYROLL
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 202,748	\$ 164,244	\$ 142,931	\$ 132,822	\$ 117,065	\$ 127,967	\$ 128,432	\$ 96,478
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(202,748)	(164,244)	(142,931)	(132,822)	(117,065)	(127,967)	(128,432)	(96,478)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,534,350	\$ 2,053,050	\$ 1,786,638	\$ 1,660,275	\$ 1,463,313	\$ 1,599,588	\$ 1,605,400	\$ 1,205,970
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%

* The amounts presented for each year were determined as of 12/31.

* Complete 10-year information to be presented in future years as it becomes available.

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS
VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability (TPL)							
Service cost	\$ 16,213	\$ 33,473	\$ 33,473	\$ 81,229	\$ 81,229	\$ 171,527	\$ 171,527
Interest	63,350	54,770	59,977	73,874	65,095	-	-
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	170,419	(98,705)	(338,972)	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(33,745)	(163,047)	-	-	-	(51,485)	(178,680)
Net change in total pension liability	45,818	95,615	(5,255)	(183,869)	146,324	120,042	(7,153)
Total pension liability—beginning	1,056,498	960,883	966,138	1,150,007	1,003,683	883,641	890,794
Total pension liability—ending (a)	<u>\$ 1,102,316</u>	<u>\$ 1,056,498</u>	<u>\$ 960,883</u>	<u>\$ 966,138</u>	<u>\$ 1,150,007</u>	<u>\$ 1,003,683</u>	<u>\$ 883,641</u>
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions—employer	\$ -	\$ 27,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 27,225	\$ 24,750	\$ 126,500
Contributions—State matching	-	24,300	24,300	24,300	22,275	-	49,500
Net investment income	411,470	376,917	(68,695)	385,652	16,344	(7,274)	(35,778)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(16,093)	(163,117)	-	-	-	(51,485)	(178,680)
Administrative expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	(65,242)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	395,377	265,100	(17,395)	436,952	65,844	(99,251)	(38,458)
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	2,219,794	1,954,694	1,972,089	1,535,137	1,469,293	1,568,544	1,607,002
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	<u>\$ 2,615,171</u>	<u>\$ 2,219,794</u>	<u>\$ 1,954,694</u>	<u>\$ 1,972,089</u>	<u>\$ 1,535,137</u>	<u>\$ 1,469,293</u>	<u>\$ 1,568,544</u>
Net pension liability (asset)—ending (a) – (b)	<u>\$ (1,512,855)</u>	<u>\$ (1,163,296)</u>	<u>\$ (993,811)</u>	<u>\$ (1,005,951)</u>	<u>\$ (385,130)</u>	<u>\$ (465,610)</u>	<u>\$ (684,903)</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	237.24%	210.11%	203.43%	204.12%	133.49%	146.39%	177.51%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

* Complete 10-year information to be presented in future years as it becomes available.

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION PLAN
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ -	\$ (63,515)	\$ (34,640)	\$ (35,472)	\$ 54,833	\$ 49,318	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Actual contribution	-	-	51,300	51,300	51,300	49,500	24,750	176,000	27,500	52,250	52,250
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (63,515)	\$ (85,940)	\$ (86,772)	\$ 3,533	\$ (182)	\$ (24,750)	\$ (176,000)	\$ (27,500)	\$ (52,250)	\$ (52,250)
District's covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, of every even numbered year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
CRS 3 1-31-102 amortization period	Open-ended 40-year period from the valuation date
GASB ARC amortization period	Open-ended 30-year period from the valuation date
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Valuation Benefit	\$24.00 per month per year of service
Real rate of investment return	3.25% per annum compounded annually
Inflation rate	2.75% per annum compounded annually
Actuarial funding discount rate	6.00% per annum compounded annually
Mortality rates	Modified 1994 Group Annuity Mortality for males
Turnover rates	Graduated rates by attained age
Disability rates	None used
Retirement age	Age 50, after 20 years of service
Marital status	90% of all members are married

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

**SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN
ON PENSION INVESTMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

The annual money-weighted rate of return for the volunteer pension plan investments is as follows:

<u>As of December 31</u>	<u>Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return</u>
2021	-6.40%
2020	6.00%
2019	19.85%
2018	-3.44%
2017	24.71%
2016	1.09%
2015	-5.30%
2014	-7.35%
2013	17.58%
2012	12.22%
2011	-4.87%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.